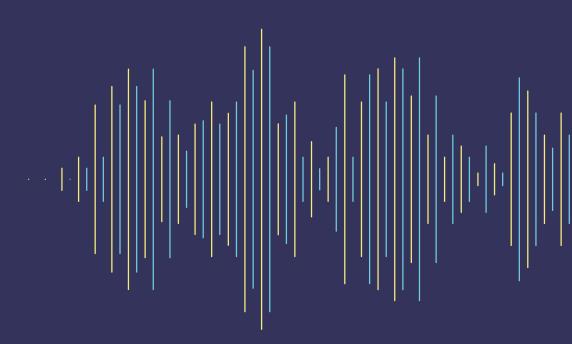


Journey from Closed to Open:

Lessons Learned from Open Sourcing Sound Open Firmware

Liam Girdwood

Open Source Firmware Conference Europe 2018





Mission

- 1. Inspire others to open source their firmware.
- 2. Show how firmware can be open sourced.
- 3. Discuss challenges common with open source firmware.
- 4. Explain SOF architecture.



About Me



- Employed by Intel as a software architect.
- Linux* user and engineer since 1994.
- Developed AsoC and PMIC abstraction layers.
- Linux audio engineer since 2003.
- Working on audio DSP's since 2008.
- Working on SOF since 2015.



Sound Open Firmware is an open source audio digital signal processing firmware and driver infrastructure.



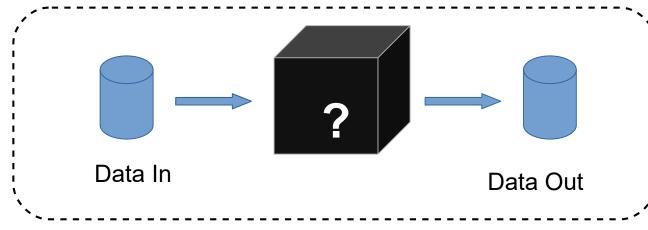
The Dark Ages

*Darkness due to lack of source code



Closed Source Firmware

- Historically, the standard practice among firmware development teams with a few exceptions.
- Often seen as a black box by integrators and driver and user space developers.
 - Makes it more difficult to debug problems in other areas of the stack.
 - Impossible for upper stack developers to debug hardware problems.
- Usually developed alongside a single OS specific driver.
- Documentation never truly matches or keeps up with firmware source code.





Changing Course

Factors influencing open sourcing.



Market Drivers



- Demand for speech and voice authentication and recognition applications and technologies.
- Impact of AI on accuracy of speech and voice recognitions.
- Growth in voice control-based devices in consumer and enterprise markets.

Audio, speech, and voice has become ubiquitous.

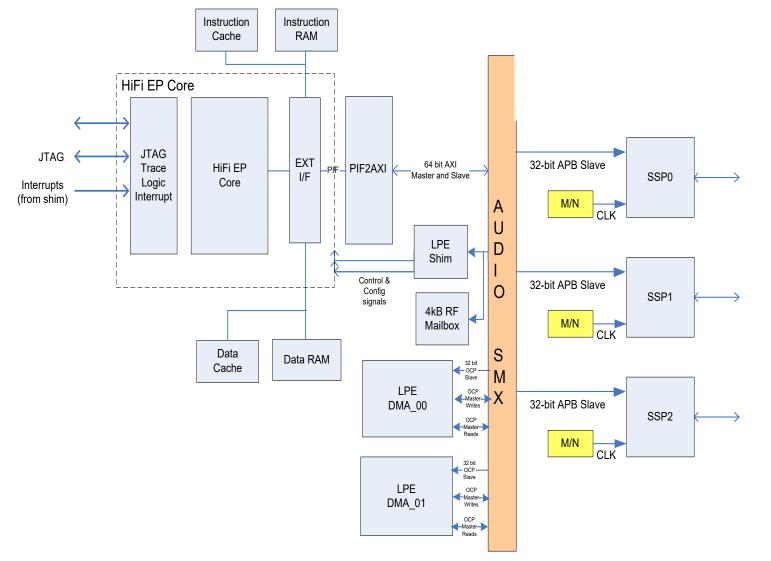


Open Source Hardware

- Minnowboard Project
- Open Source Hardware
 - Baytrail CPU, dual core @1.33GHz, 2GB DDR
 - Tensilica Xtensa audio DSP @ 400MHz
 - Open schematics, PCB layout, BOM
- Open source Software
 - Full open source Linux* software stack
- Open source Firmware
 - Open source coreboot BIOS
 - NO open source audio DSP firmware!



Minnowboard DSP Architecture



- Xtensa HiFi 2EP core
- 96kB Instruction RAM
- 168kB Data RAM
- 2 * DMACs
- 3 * I2S ports
- PCI device from host OS



Challenges Ahead



Political Challenges

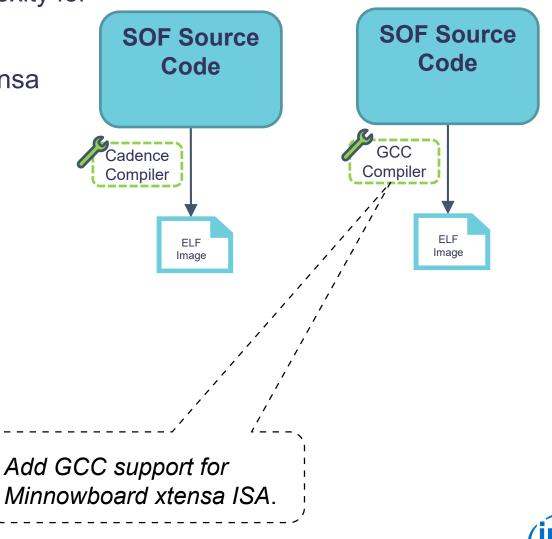
- Intel policy for audio DSP firmware was historically closed source.
- Most colleagues were initially either strongly in favor or strongly against.
 - Fears around disclosing IP.
 - How do we add value?
- Be prepared to fight the same battle more than once.
- Build ground swell of opinion and facts behind open source.
- It helps if you have proof of concept code "skunkworks"!
- Tell the world about your project!

"You may have to fight a battle more than once to win it." Margaret Thatcher

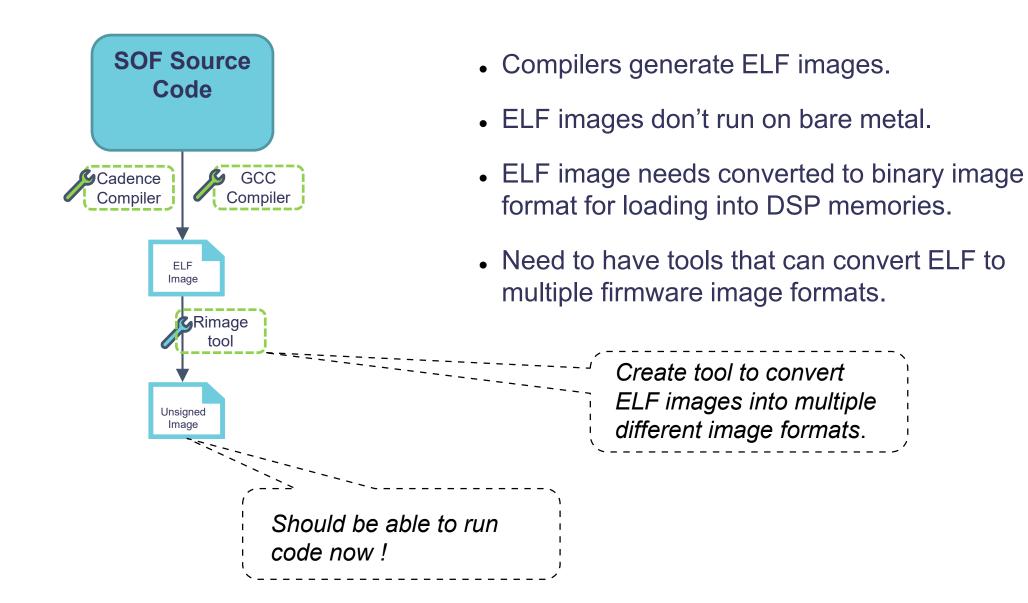


Technical Challenges - Compiler

- Xtensa ISA differs between cores adding complexity for compilers.
- Cadence provide an optimising compiler for Xtensa
 - Commercial license for some targets \$\$\$
 - Free for some targets like Minnowboard :)
- Need open source compiler for community.
 - GCC supports xtensa base ISA
 - GCC does not support xtensa SIMD/VLIW



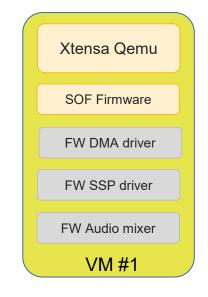
Technical Challenges – Image Builder





Technical Challenges – DSP Emulator

- Code not easy to debug
 - No debugger (yet)
 - No printf();
 - JTAG can't be used Intel only.
- Emulation can be used to debug bring up
- Qemu already supports base Xtensa ISA
- Qemu support added
 - Minnowboard DSP
 - Extra registers and instruction not in base ISA





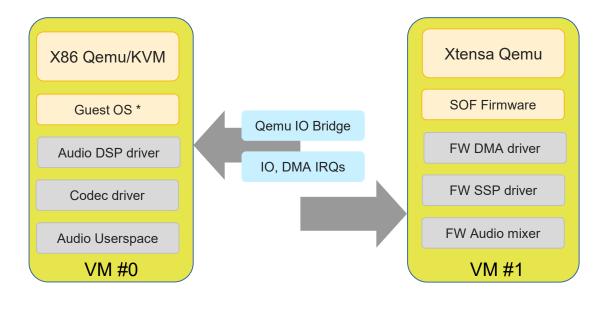


Technical Challenges – Heterogeneous Emulator

xtensa

GDB

On host



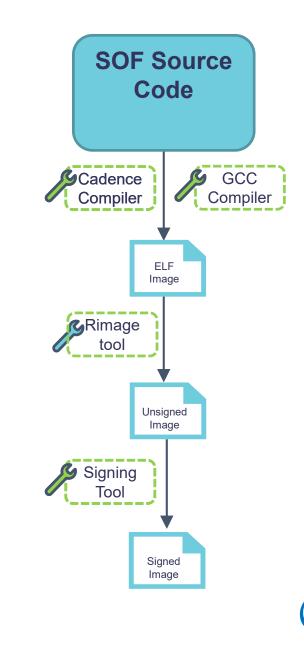
x86 GDB On host

- Firmware must be debugged alongside driver.
- Qemu used to virtualise drivers and firmware together.
- Host side almost real time.
- DSP side emulated.



Technical Challenges – Code Signing

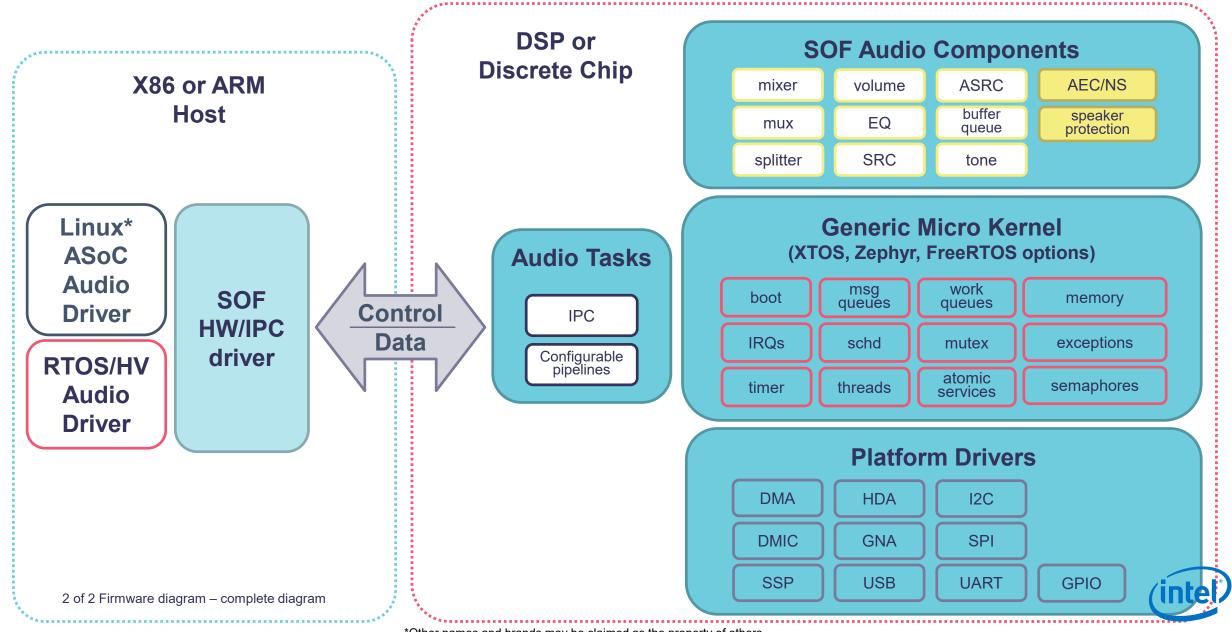
- Newer DSP hardware has security that validates firmware binaries.
- Code signing support was added to open source rimage tool.
 - PCKS #1.5
 - Openssl
- Created "public" private key to be used for developer hardware e.g. UP^2.
- Implications with GPLv3 "tivoization" clause.



Hello World



Firmware Architecture

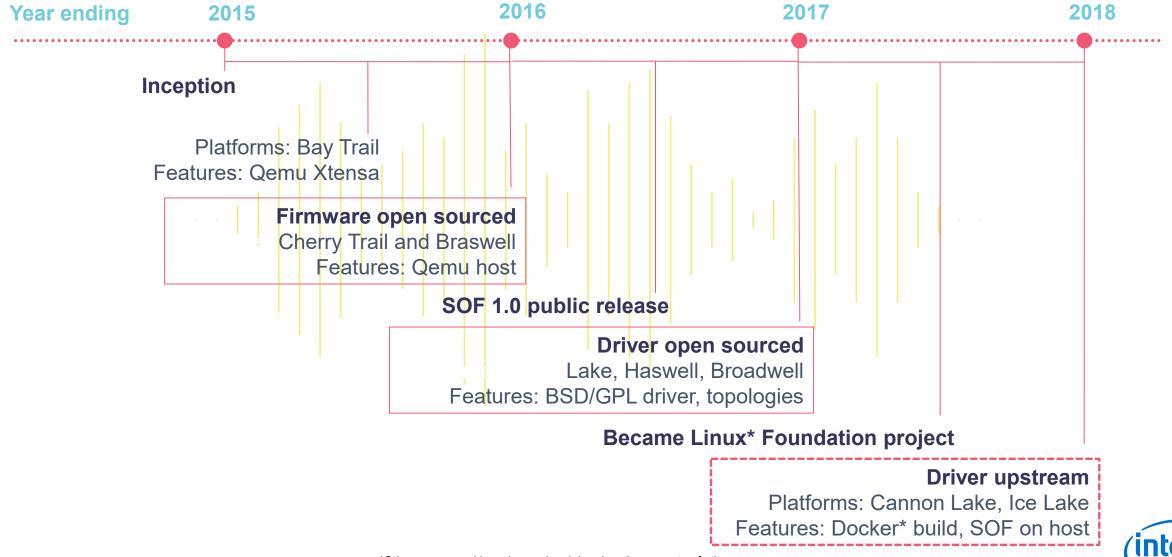


*Other names and brands may be claimed as the property of others.

Driver Architecture

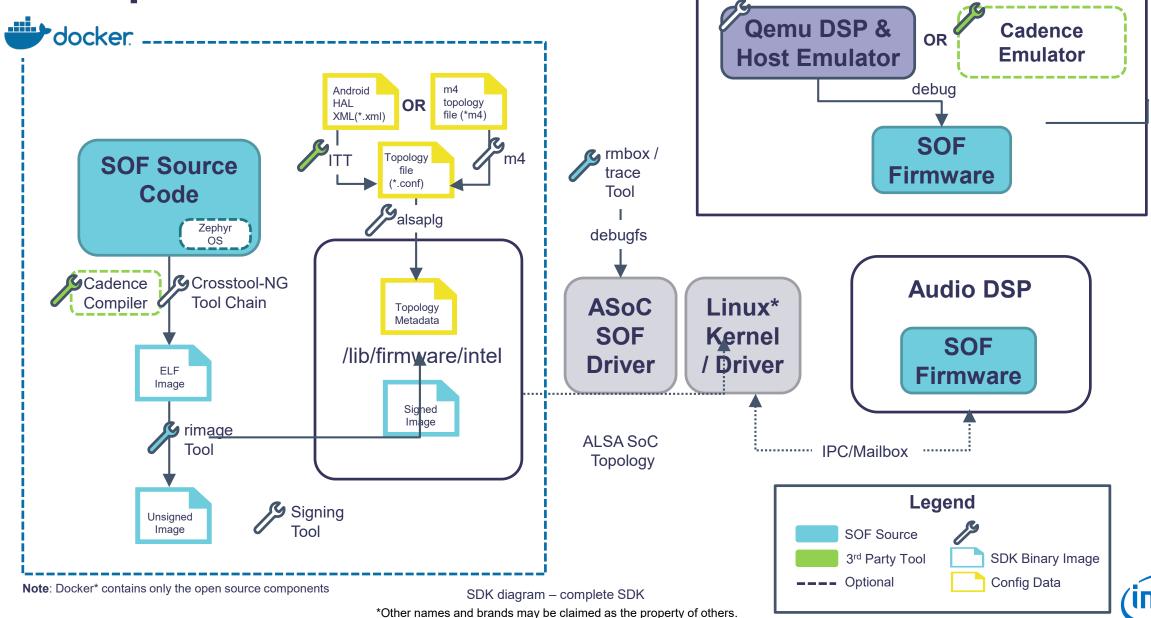
ASoC codec integration	Machine board integration	Driver HW config			,
Generic PCM Driver					
topology	PCMs	Kcontrols		IPC via Mailbox	DSP or
	DAPM			Buffers via DMA	Discrete Chip
Gen	Generic IPC Driver				
mixer	stream	PM			
	pipeline				۰ <u>.</u>
DSP	Platform [Driver			
doorbell	mailbox	IRQ			
code loader	10	PM			
				1	

History



*Other names and brands may be claimed as the property of others.

Development Kit



Build a Community

- A healthy open source project needs a healthy community!
- Who embodies the community?
 - Commercial users who deploy in products.
 - Non commercial hobbyists.
 - Academics researching audio processing algorithms.
- Use external code hosting platforms like github, mailing lists, IRC, and wikis, and do development in public.
- Release patches and code "early and often".
 - Don't do infrequent code drops.
 - No "abandonware".
- Accept patches from others.
- Accept bug reports from others.



Core Pillars

Open source · Community driven

Permissive¹

- BSD/MIT licensed firmware and topologies
- BSD/GPL dual licensed driver
- Firmware code changes can be private or upstreamed

Modular

- Configurable topology allows for flexible customizations
- Extendable using existing APIs to add custom or 3rd party binary modules
- Allows for custom ABIs between modules
- Develop and test out new modules before deploying onto target HW

Portable

- Platform, firmware OS, DSP architecture agnostic
- Portable to other host platform and DSP architectures
- Extendable to different real-time DSP OSes
- Modifiable for any custom integrations

Tool-rich

- BSD/GPL licensed and proprietary tools available
- Includes toolchain, debugger, emulator, scripts, firmware creation tools
- Configurable builds using supported GNU GCC or proprietary toolchains
- Virtualize both DSP and host OS via QEMU
- Virtualize trace data in real time



Thanks!

Q & A



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